

# Statement of Biodiversity Enhancement

# **Battery Point Energy Storage Park**

24/00155/PPDM

Site Address Land north of HM Coastguard Station, Battery

Point, Stornoway, HS1 2RT

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### 1. Introduction

- 1.1. This statement of biodiversity enhancement has been prepared by The Greenspan Agency following a telephone conversation with Helen MacDonald, Planning Officer with Comhairle nan Eilean Siar, on 24 July 2024 during which she requested a concise report detailing biodiversity enhancement measures.
- 1.2. This document accompanies the previously submitted planning application (Ref: 24/00155/PPDM) for a battery energy storage facility at Battery Point, Stornoway hereby referred to as "the proposed development".

#### **Relevant Guidance**

- 1.3. In preparing this document, the following policy and guidance has been consulted:
  - 'National Planning Framework 4' (NPF4), Scottish Government (2023)
  - 'Draft Planning Guidance: Biodiversity', Scottish Government (2023)
  - Outer Hebrides Local Development Plan (2018)
  - 'Developing with Nature', Guidance, NatureScot (2022)

### 2. Current Site Biodiversity

- 2.1. The site is approximately 0.43 ha and consists predominantly of grass, with no hedges or trees. Flora and wildlife habitat are limited.
- 2.2. One portion of the site is occupied by a significant volume of discarded industrial equipment such as tyres and fishing apparatus.
- 2.3. The aerial image of the site below helps illustrate the current land cover.



Figure 1: Current Site Aerial Image

Consulting the NatureScot Sitelink Map<sup>1</sup>, the site does not lie within any protected area. Further details of nearby habitats are given in pages 18 and 19 of the Design and Access Statement, submitted on 18 Apr 2024 (application reference: 24/00155/PPDM).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> NatureScot, SiteLink Map. Accessible here.

### 3. Biodiversity Enhancement

- 3.1. The proposed development will deliver biodiversity enhancement through the following measures:
  - The planting of a new hedgerow along the western boundary of the site.
  - The planting of seven new trees on the site.
  - The reseeding of grass areas not required for hardstanding after construction.
- 3.2. The proposed landscaping plan can be seen in Figure 2 below. This is an excerpt of the separate planning application drawing (Ref: Drawing 19, 'Planting and Landscaping Plan', Revision 01).

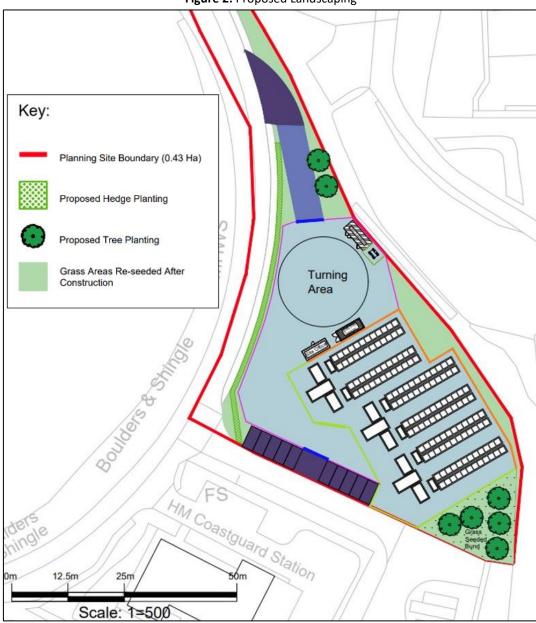


Figure 2: Proposed Landscaping

3.3. While final species choice has not yet been made, all planting will be of native species befitting of the local area. The species will be chosen from the tables below.

Table 1: Native Tree Species

Botanical Name	Common Name	Botanical Name	Common Name
Acer campestre	Field Maple	Prunus padus	Bird Cherry
Alnus glutonisa	Alder	Prunus spinosa	Blackthorn
Betula pendula	Sliver Birch	Quercus petraea	Sessile Oak
Betula pubescens	Downy Birch	Quercus robur	Pedunculate Oak
Carpinus betulus	Hornbeam	Salix aurita	Eared Sallow
Crataegus monogyna	Hawthorn	Salix caprea	Goat Willow
Corylus avellana	Hazel	Salix cinerea	Grey Sallow or Willow
Euonymus europaeus	Spindle	Salix myrsinifolia	Dark Leaved Willow
Ilex aquifolium	Holly	Salix purpurea	Purple Osier
Juniperus communis	Juniper	Salix viminalis	Common Osier or Basket
			Willow
Malus sylvestris	Crab Apple	Sorbus aucuparia	Rowan
Pinus sylvestris	Scot's Pine	Tilia cordata	Small Leaved Lime
Populus tremula	Aspen	Taxus baccata	Yew
Prunus avium	Wild Cherry		

Table 2: Native Hedge Species

Botanical Name	Common Name	Botanical Name	Common Name
Crataegus monogyna	Hawthorn	Prunus spinosa	Blackthorn
Corylus avellana	Hazel	Rubus idaeus	Raspberry
Ilex aquifolium	Holly	Sambucus nigra	Elder
Malus sylvestris	Crab Apple	Viburnum opulus	Guelder Rose

3.4. All planted trees and hedges will be subject to an appropriate maintenance schedule to ensure plant health and longevity. Hedges will not be trimmed within bird nesting season.

#### The Mitigation Hierarchy

- 3.5. Policy 3 of Scotland's National Planning Framework 4 (NPF4) states that any negative impacts of the development on biodiversity should be "fully mitigated in line with the mitigation hierarchy"<sup>2</sup>.
- 3.6. The Mitigation Hierarchy<sup>3</sup> sets out the sequential steps of limiting as far as possible the negative impacts on biodiversity from development projects. The hierarchy as applied to this project is set out in the table below.

**Table 3:** Mitigation Measures

Mitigation Hierarchy Step	Measures Taken
	The proposed development aims to provide much needed stability to the local
	electricity distribution grid and support to renewable energy generation, resulting
Avoidance	in a significant reduction in fossil fuel use for energy generation in the local area.
Avoidance	The project is therefore an important development and negative effects have been
	avoided as far as possible in site choice, with the site providing limited habitat
	diversity in its current form.
Minimisation	Negative impacts will be minimised through the development of only areas essential
IVIIIIIIIISacion	to the construction and operation of the facility.
Rehabilitation/Restoration	After the construction phase, areas not used for hardstanding will be reseeded with
Reliabilitation/Restoration	grass.
	Biodiversity on the site will be enhanced through the provision of a greater variety
Offset	of habitats than currently provided by the site. A native hedgerow will be planted
Oliset	on the western boundary of the site and seven native trees will be planted.
	Discarded industrial equipment currently on the site will be removed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> National Planning Framework 4 (2023). Biodiversity, Policy 3, Page 38. Available <u>here.</u>

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 3}$  The Biodiversity Consultancy, The Mitigation Hierarchy. Available  $\underline{\text{here}}.$ 

### 4. Conclusions

- 4.1. The site in its current form provides little variety for local wildlife, consisting primarily of grass with no trees or hedges and a significant area of discarded industrial equipment.
- 4.2. The site is not within a protected area or other ecological designation.
- 4.3. Biodiversity enhancements will be delivered through the planting of native species to form a hedge along the western boundary of the site, seven new native trees, and the restoration of several grass areas post-construction.
- 4.4. New planting will be appropriately maintained to ensure good health and longevity of the plants.