



COMHAIRLE NAN EILEAN SIAR

The Town and Country Planning Scotland Act 1997 – Section 36(1)

Town and Country Planning General Development Procedure Order 2013 Regulation 16

Planning Register - Part 1

Application Details

Reference Number	24/00065/PPD
Date registered as valid	14/02/24
Description of Development	Replace the existing 10 pens of 120 m circumference at Tabhaigh Fish farm with 8 pens of 160 m circumference and modify the position of the farm slightly further northeast. Retain C-Cap 200-tonne feed barge; Max biomass to remain at 2500 tonnes.
Address or description of location to which the development relates	Tabhaigh Fish Farm, Loch Erisort, Ranish, Isle of Lewis
Co-ordinates	E 141845 N 922945
Applicant Name	MOWI Scotland Ltd
Applicant Address	1 st Floor, Admiralty Park, Admiralty Road, Fife, KY11 2YW
Agent name (if applicable)	MOWI Scotland Ltd Per Ms Laura Tulip
Agent address (if applicable)	Farms Office, Glen Nevis Business Park, Fort William, PH33 6RX

The above application summary is accompanied by plans and drawings sufficient to describe the development and where relevant any design statement.

Important Note: on Tuesday 07 November 2023, Comhairle nan Eilean Siar experienced a criminal cyber incident and is working with Police Scotland, the Scottish Government and the National Cyber Security Centre to investigate the matter.

The Online Planning Portal remains unavailable as does our suite of integrated software and hardware systems. In order to enable access by the wider public to application documents and consult upon planning applications, interim systems have been put in place on the temporary website of Comhairle nan Eilean Siar, including a rudimentary facility to display a limited number of documents per application.

Any party wishing to view the application file in full may do so at the offices of Comhairle nan Eilean Siar at Sandwick Road, Stornoway Isle of Lewis, HS1 2BW or Balivanich, Isle of Benbecula, HS7 5LA, ordinarily between 9am and 5pm Monday to Friday (excluding public and local holidays). It is recommended that in advance of visiting an office to view an application that you make an appointment by sending an email to planning@cne-siar.gov.uk

Marine Aquaculture Site **Tabhaigh**

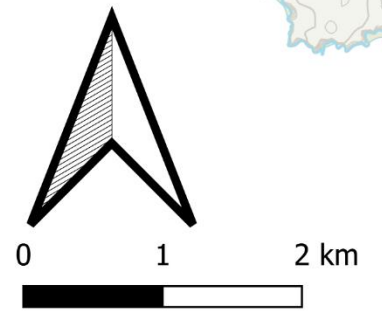
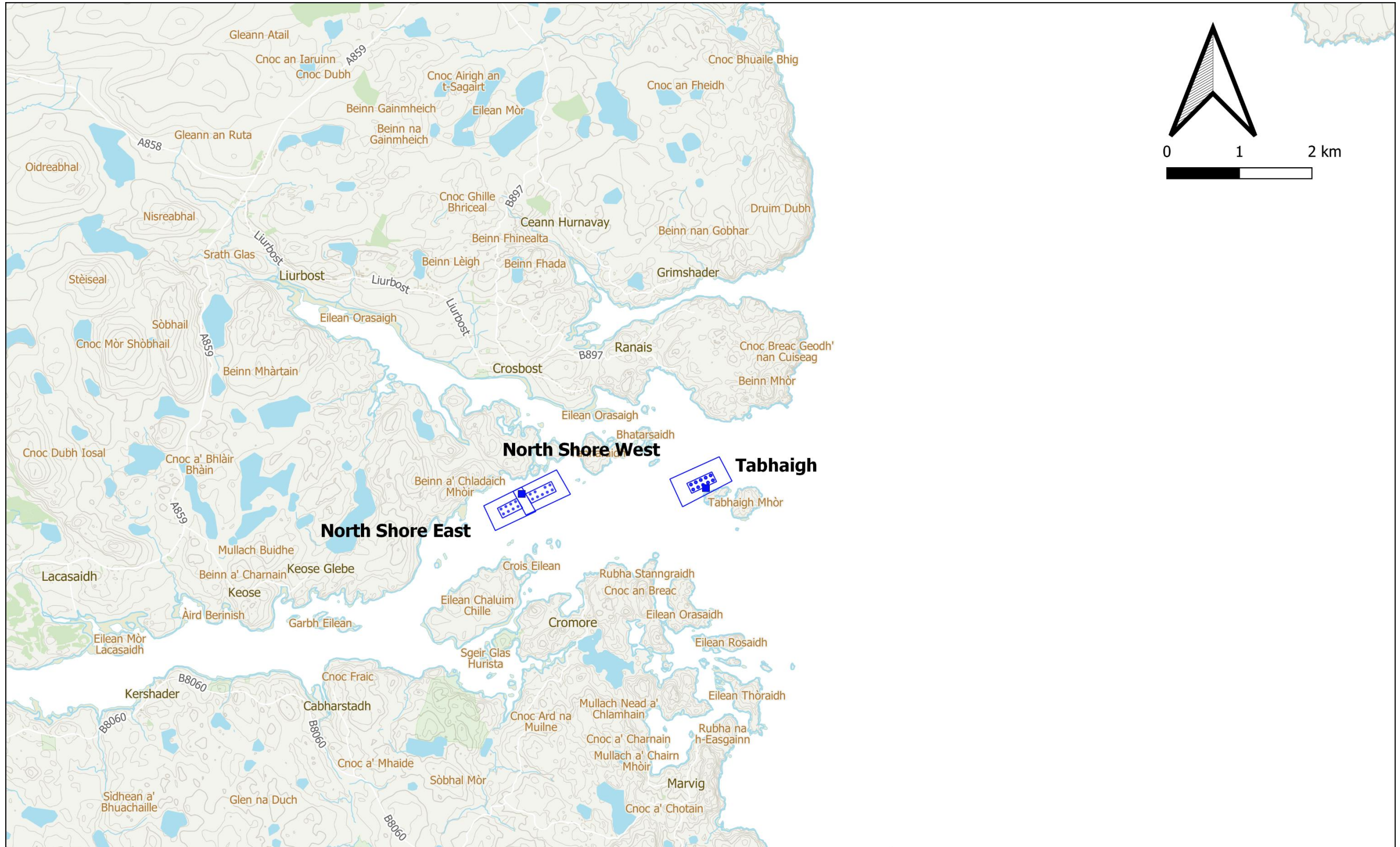
Annex 1. Tabhaigh Site Charts

Mowi Scotland Limited
January 2024

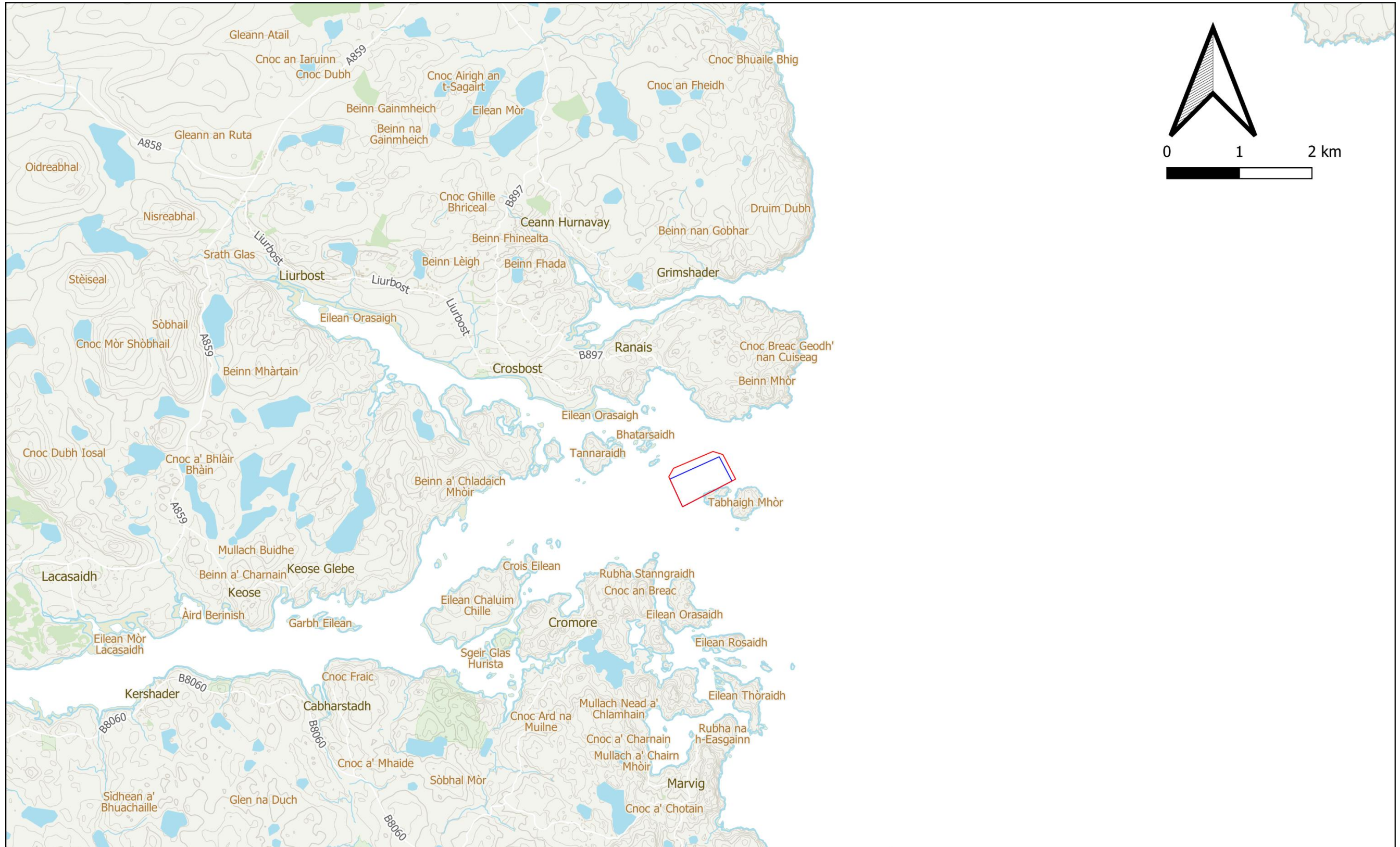
Registered in Scotland No. 138843 Registered Office, 1st Floor, Admiralty Park Admiralty Road Rosyth FIFE KY11 2YW	<small>OFFICE</small> Farms Office, Glen Nevis Business Park PH33 6RX Fort William	<small>PHONE</small> -	<small>FAX</small> -
	<small>POSTAL</small> Farms Office, Glen Nevis Business Park PH33 6RX Fort William	<small>MAIL</small> environment@mowi.com	
		<small>WEB</small> http://mowi.com	



TABHAIGH FISH FARM: LOCH ERISORT	Key: ■ Tabhaigh Fish Farm	1:1,000,000	09/11/2023	LT	v1	Final
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Figure 1. Overview of the Tabhaigh Fish Farm, Loch Erisort						



TABHAIGH FISH FARM: LOCH ERISORT	Key: Current planning and mooring boundary ■ Feed barge centre point Current pens	1:50,000	09/11/2023	LT	v1	Final
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Figure 2. Location of the existing fish farms in Loch Erisort, Tabhaigh, North Shore East and North Shore West						



TABHAIGH FISH FARM: LOCH ERISORT

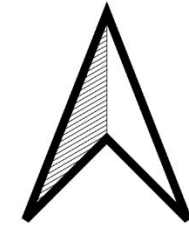
GENERAL PLAN: ORDNANCE SURVEY

Figure 3. Existing and proposed planning and mooring boundary for Tabhaigh Fish Farm

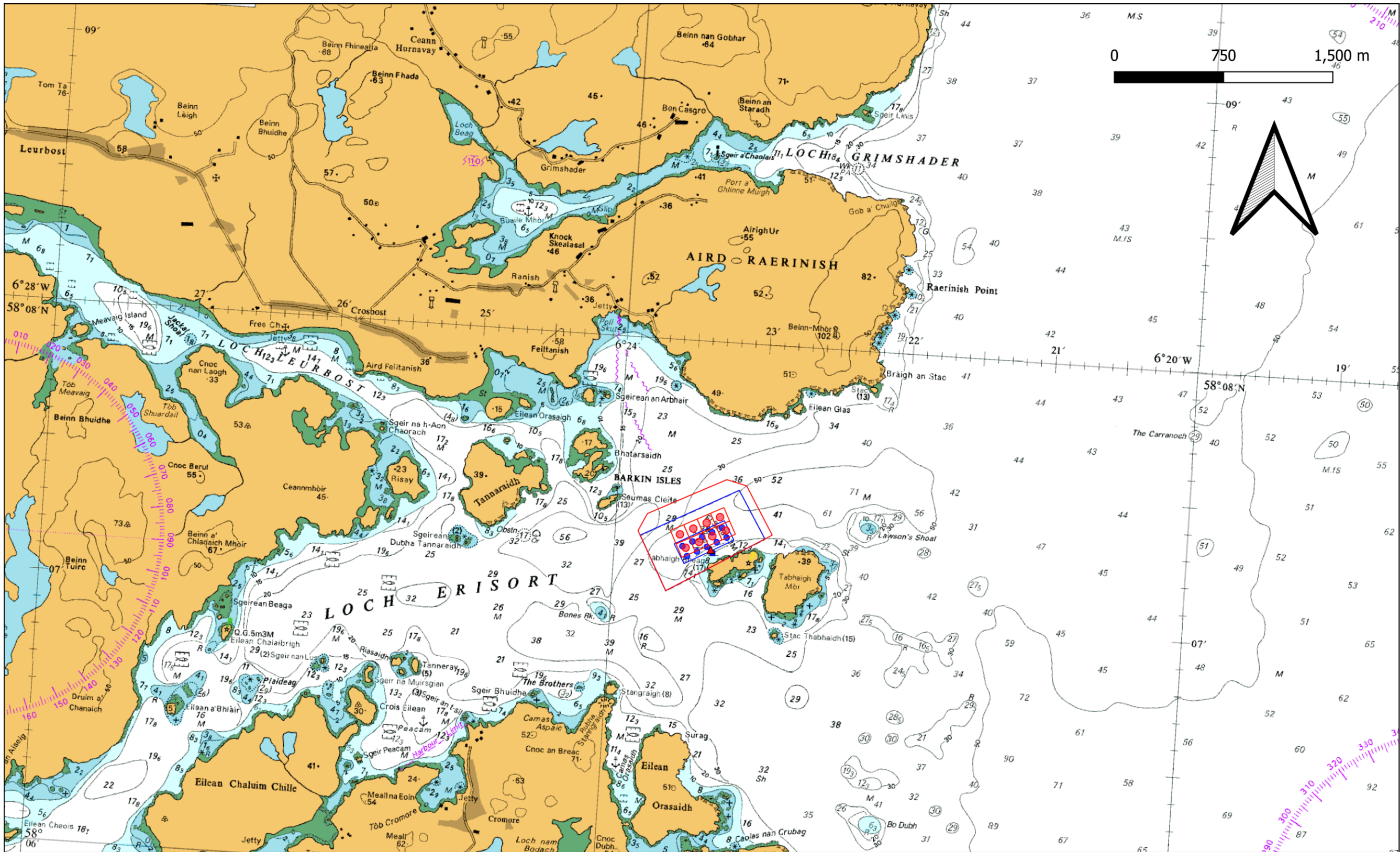
Key:

- Current planning and mooring boundary
- Proposed planning and mooring boundary

1:50,000	09/11/2023	LT		v1	Final
Scale	Date	Drawn	Checked	Revision No.	Status



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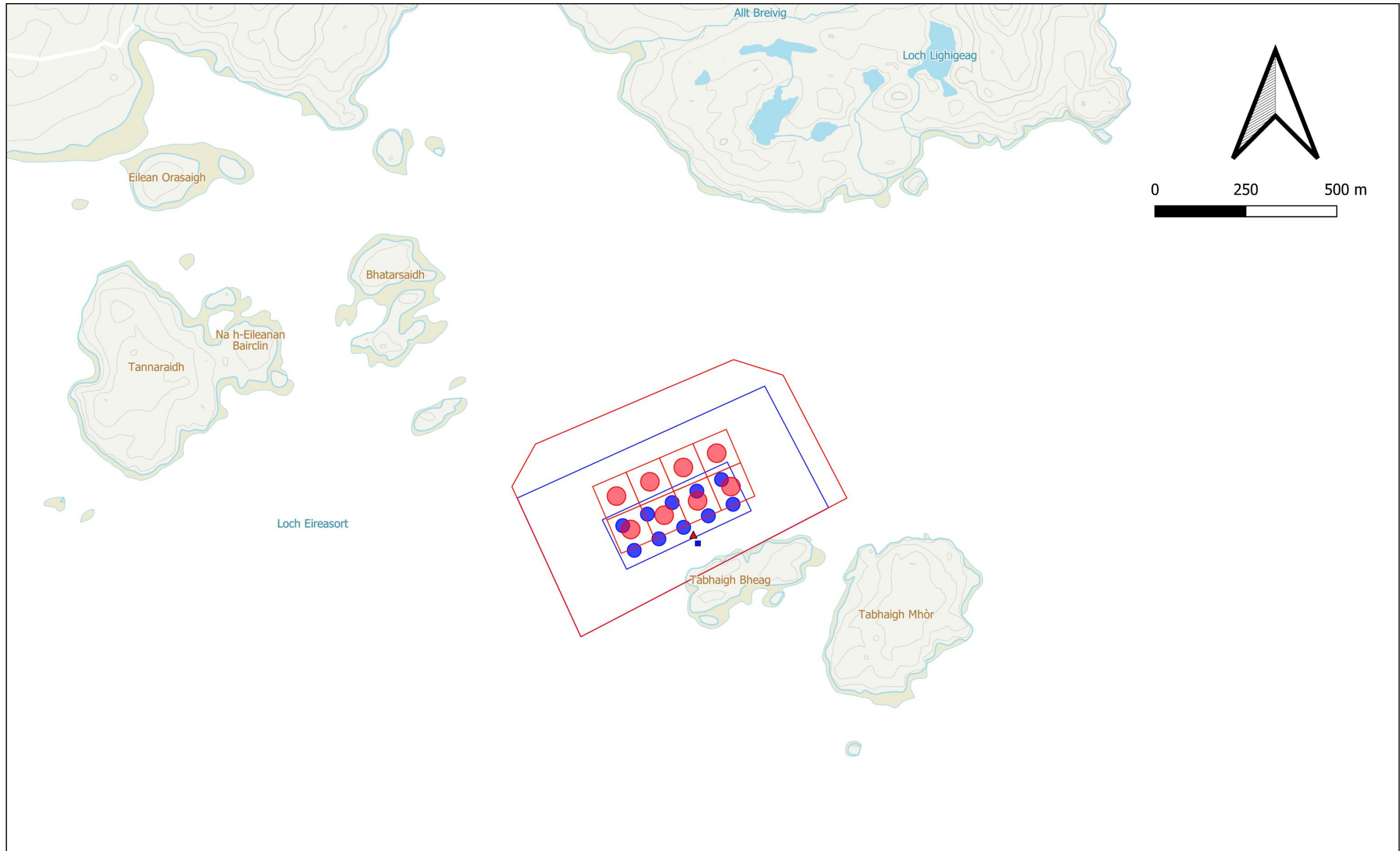
TABHAIGH FISH FARM: LOCH ERISORT

GENERAL PLAN: ADMIRALTY CHART

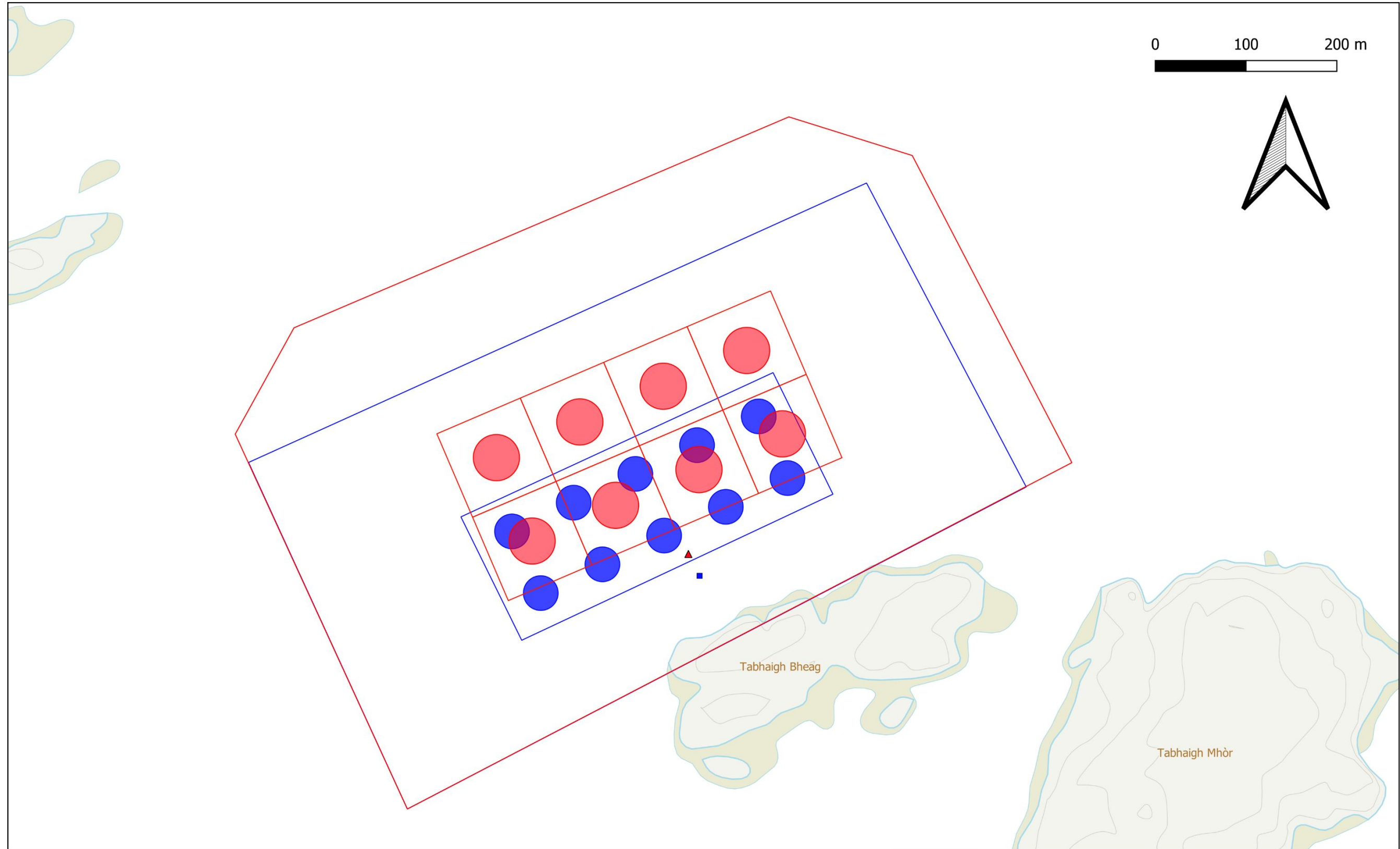
Figure 5. Existing and proposed planning and mooring boundary for Tabhaigh Fish Farm

Key:	
	Current planning & mooring boundary
	Proposed planning & mooring boundary
	Current pen grid 75m ²
	Proposed pen grid 100m ²
	Current 10 x 120m circ. pens
	Proposed 8 x 160m circ. pens
	Current feed barge centre
	Proposed feed barge centre

1:25,000	09/11/2023	LT		v1	Final
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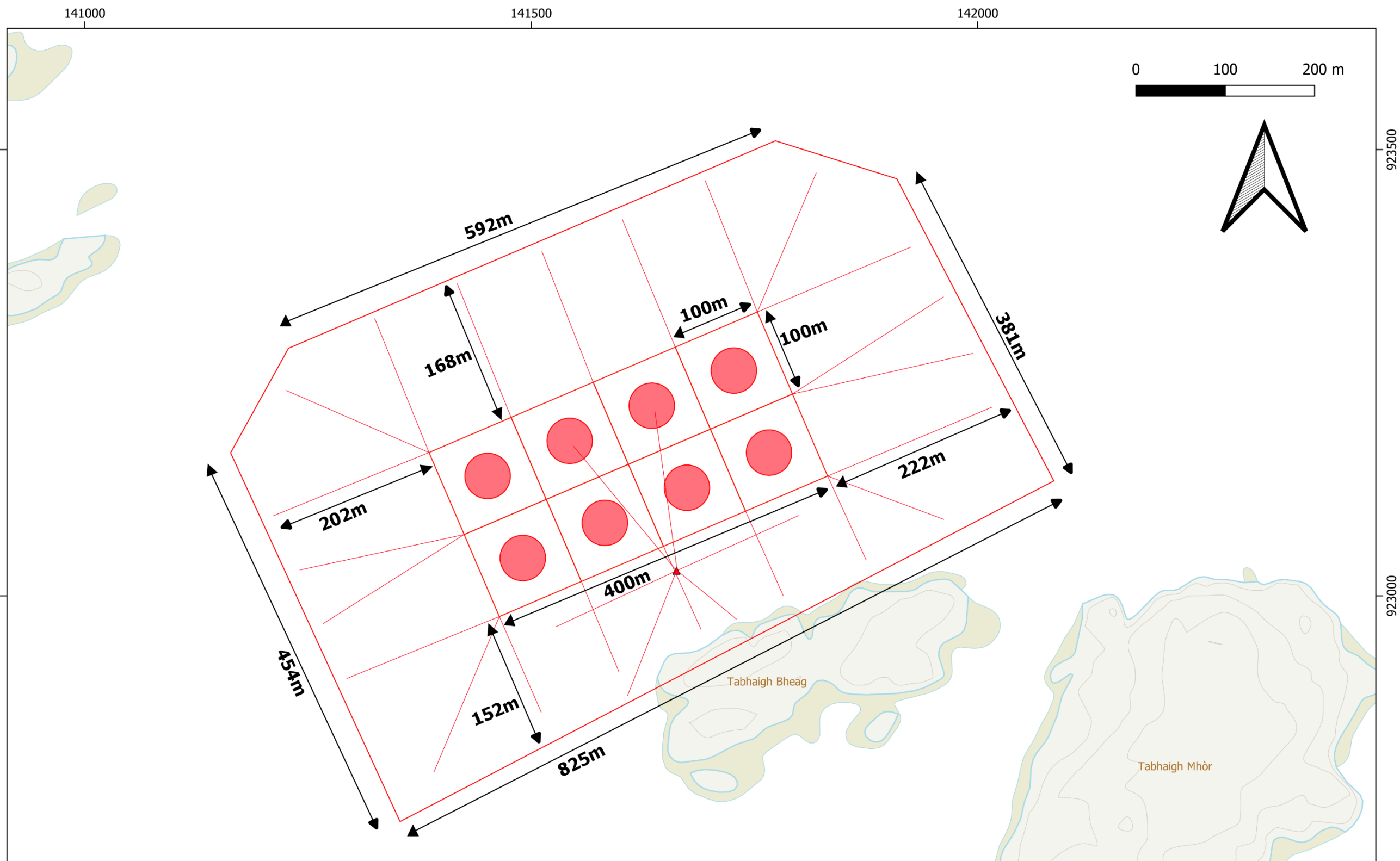


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SITE PLAN: ORDNANCE SURVEY		Scale	Date	Drawn	Checked	Revision No.	Status

Figure 7. Existing and proposed planning and mooring boundary for Tabhaigh Fish Farm



TABHAIGH FISH FARM: LOCH ERISORT

SITE PLAN: ORDNANCE SURVEY

Figure 8. Proposed Tabhaigh Fish Farm

Key:	
 Proposed planning & mooring boundary	▲ Proposed feed barge centre
 Proposed pen grid 100m ²	— Proposed mooring lines
 Proposed 8 x 160m circ. pens	

1:4,000	10/11/2023	LT		v1	Final
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Current equipment coordinates:

Current Site Mid-point

58° 7.256 'N	-6° 23.370 'W	E 141619	N 923082
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Current Feed Barge Co-ordinates

58° 7.217 'N	-6° 23.308 'W	E 141675	N 923004
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Current Pen Grid Corners

58° 7.172 'N	-6° 23.503 'W	E 141479	N 922933
58° 7.242 'N	-6° 23.580 'W	E 141412	N 923069
58° 7.340 'N	-6° 23.241 'W	E 141756	N 923228
58° 7.270 'N	-6° 23.165 'W	E 141822	N 923094

Current Moorings and Lease Area

58° 7.067 'N	-6° 23.618 'W	E 141353	N 922747
58° 7.266 'N	-6° 23.821 'W	E 141178	N 923129
58° 7.456 'N	-6° 23.150 'W	E 141859	N 923437
58° 7.282 'N	-6° 22.949 'W	E 142035	N 923102

Current Pen Centres

58° 7.200 'N	- 6° 23.485 'W	E 141500	N 922985
58° 7.220 'N	- 6° 23.418 'W	E 141568	N 923016.7
58° 7.239 'N	- 6° 23.351 'W	E 141635.9	N 923048.4
58° 7.258 'N	- 6° 23.284 'W	E 141703.9	N 923080.1
58° 7.278 'N	- 6° 23.217 'W	E 141771.9	N 923111.8
58° 7.236 'N	- 6° 23.522 'W	E 141468.3	N 923053
58° 7.255 'N	- 6° 23.455 'W	E 141536.3	N 923084.7
58° 7.274 'N	- 6° 23.388 'W	E 141604.2	N 923116.4
58° 7.294 'N	- 6° 23.321 'W	E 141672.2	N 923148.1
58° 7.313 'N	- 6° 23.254 'W	E 141740.2	N 923179.8

Proposed equipment coordinates:

Proposed Site Mid-point

58° 7.291 'N	-6° 23.385 'W	E 141609	N 923147
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Proposed Feed Barge Co-ordinates

58° 7.229 'N	-6° 23.322 'W	E 141663	N 923028
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Proposed Pen Grid Corners

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58° 7.388 'N	- 6° 23.250 'W	E 141753	N 923318
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58° 7.230 'N	- 6° 23.499 'W	E 141490	N 923042
58° 7.303 'N	- 6° 23.454 'W	E 141543	N 923174
58° 7.255 'N	- 6° 23.408 'W	E 141582	N 923082
58° 7.327 'N	- 6° 23.363 'W	E 141635	N 923213
58° 7.279 'N	- 6° 23.317 'W	E 141674	N 923121
58° 7.352 'N	- 6° 23.272 'W	E 141727	N 923252
58° 7.304 'N	- 6° 23.226 'W	E 141766	N 923160

Proposed Moorings and Lease Area

58° 7.492 'N	- 6° 23.242 'W	E 141773	N 923510
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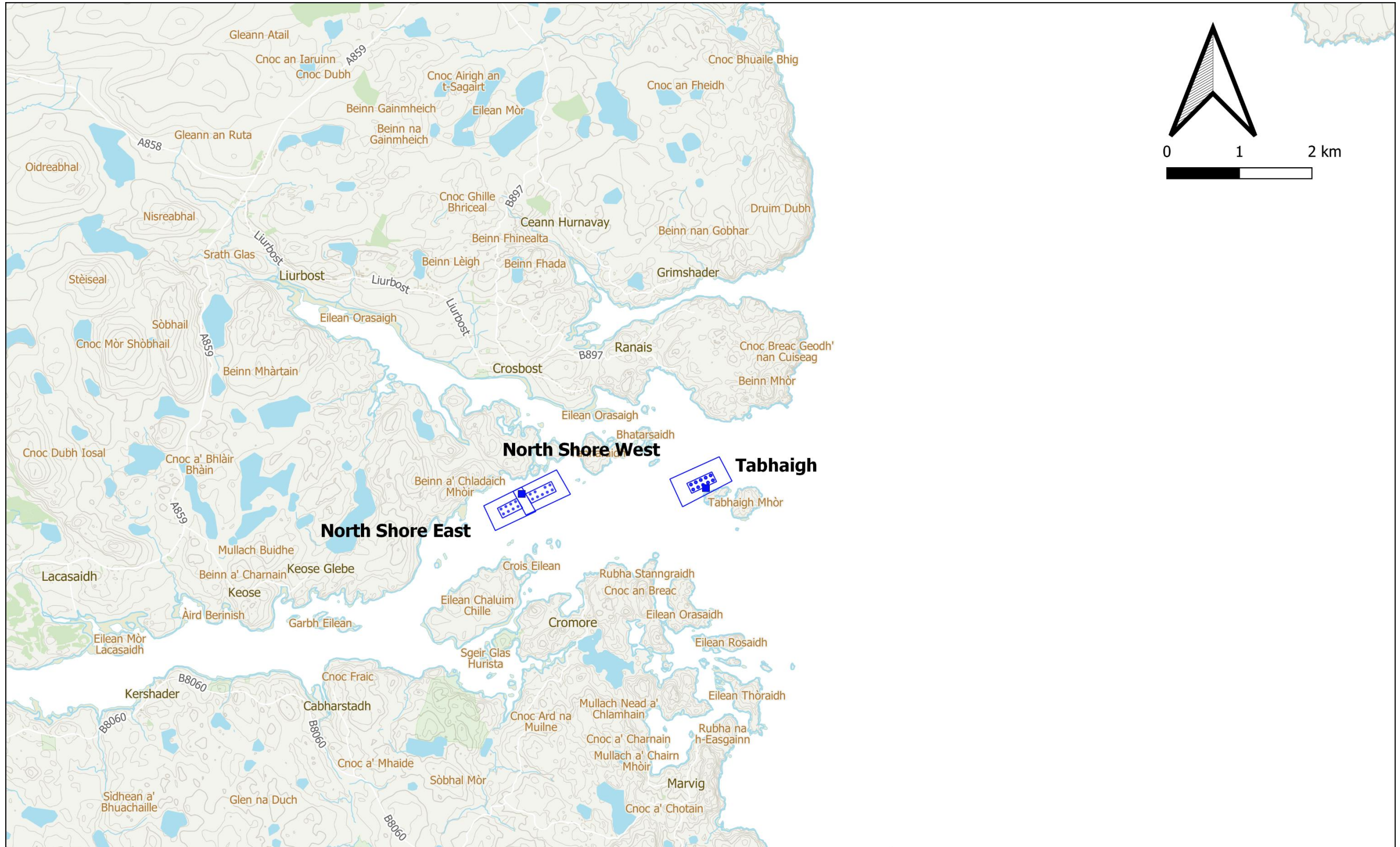
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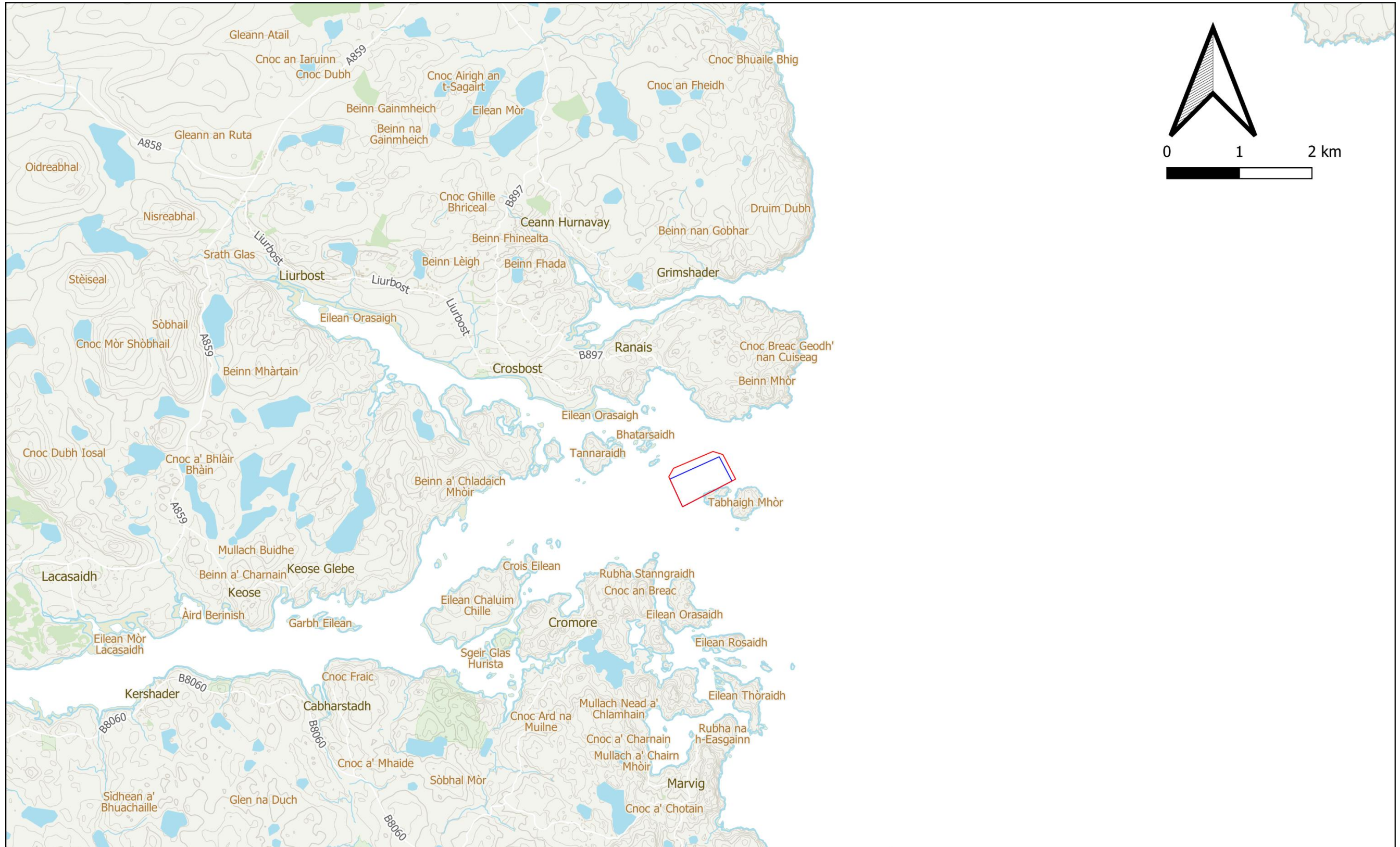
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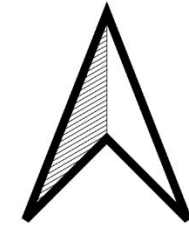
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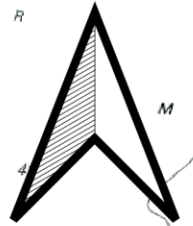
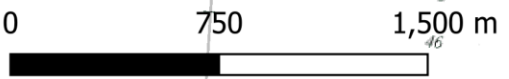
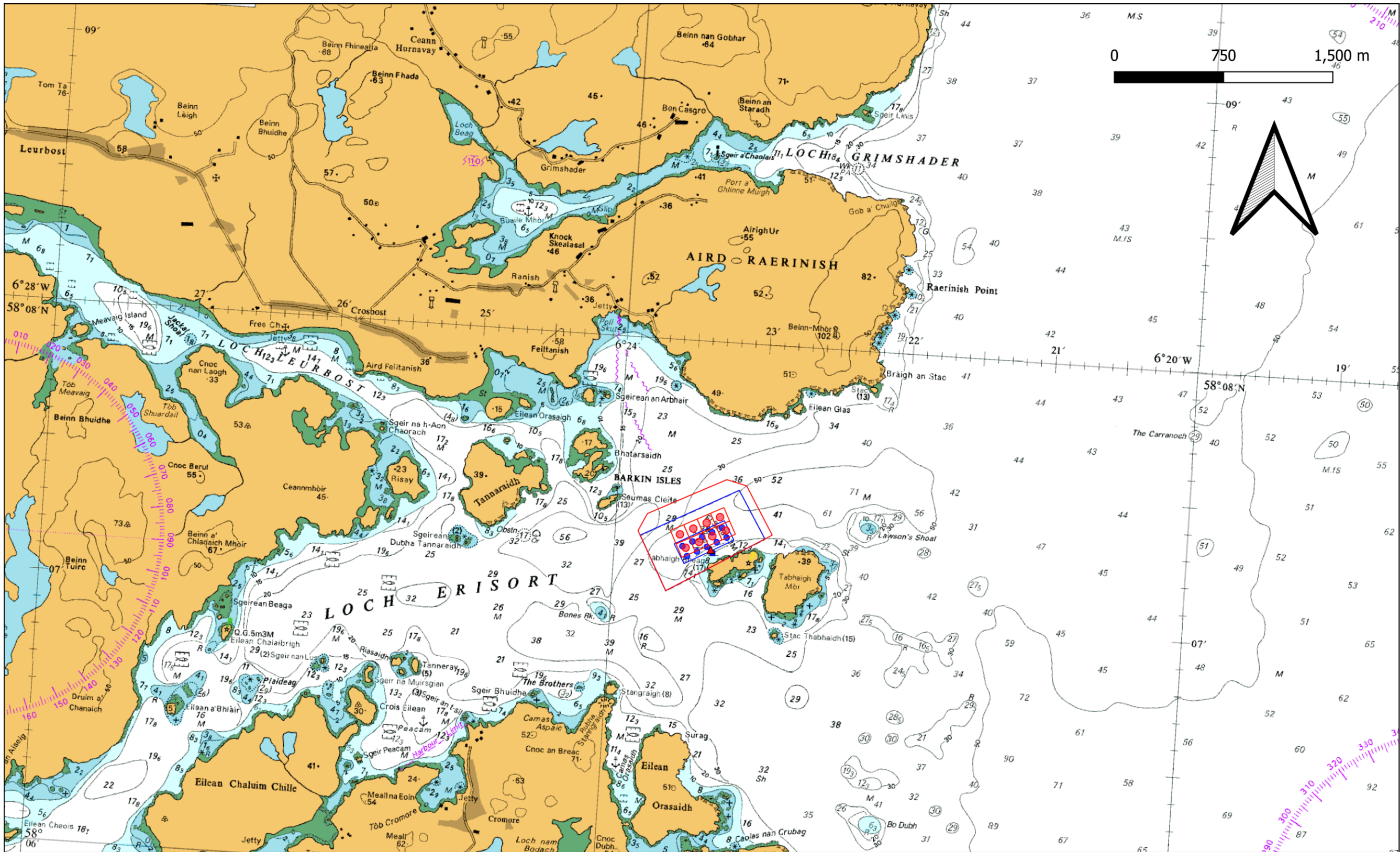
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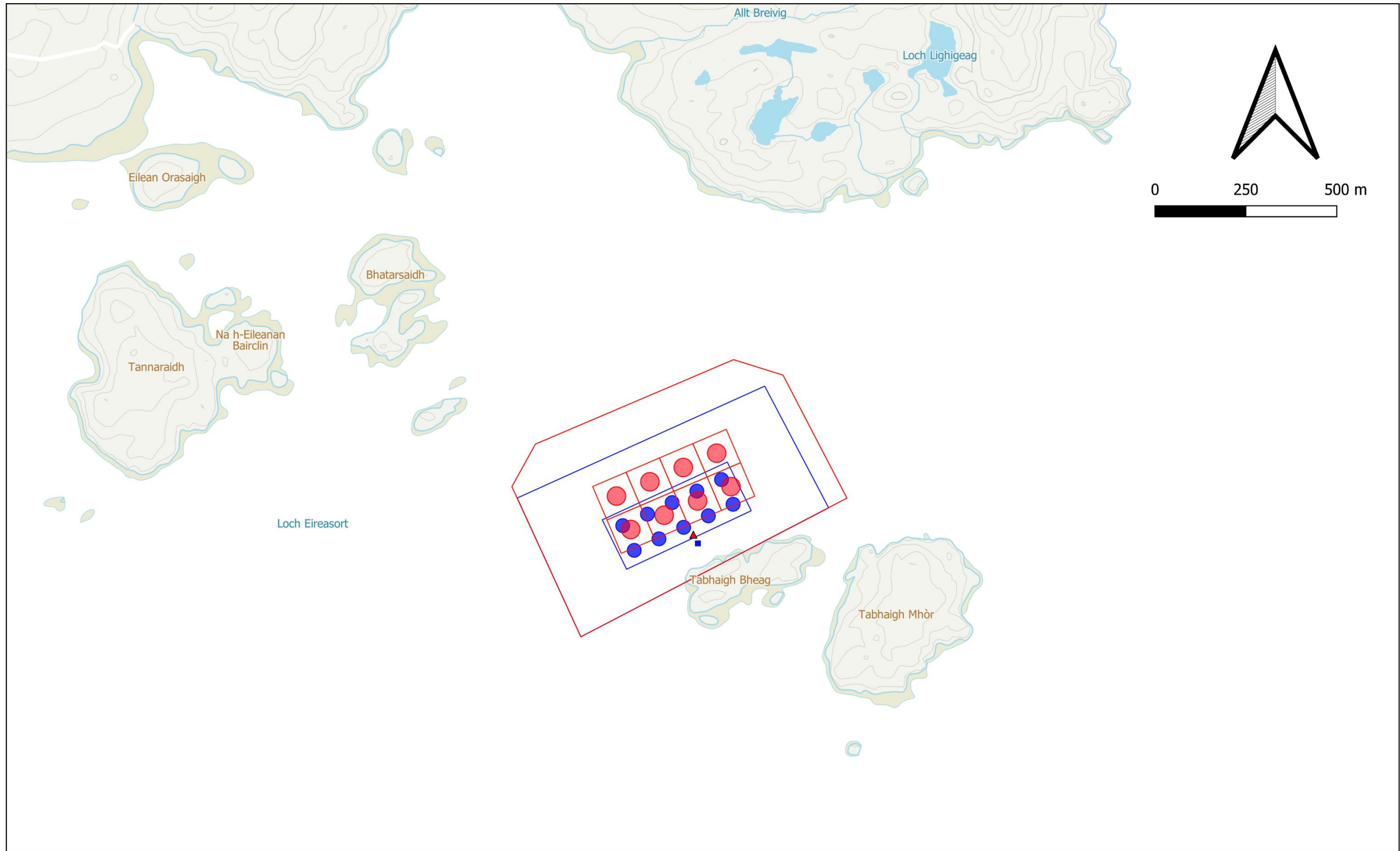
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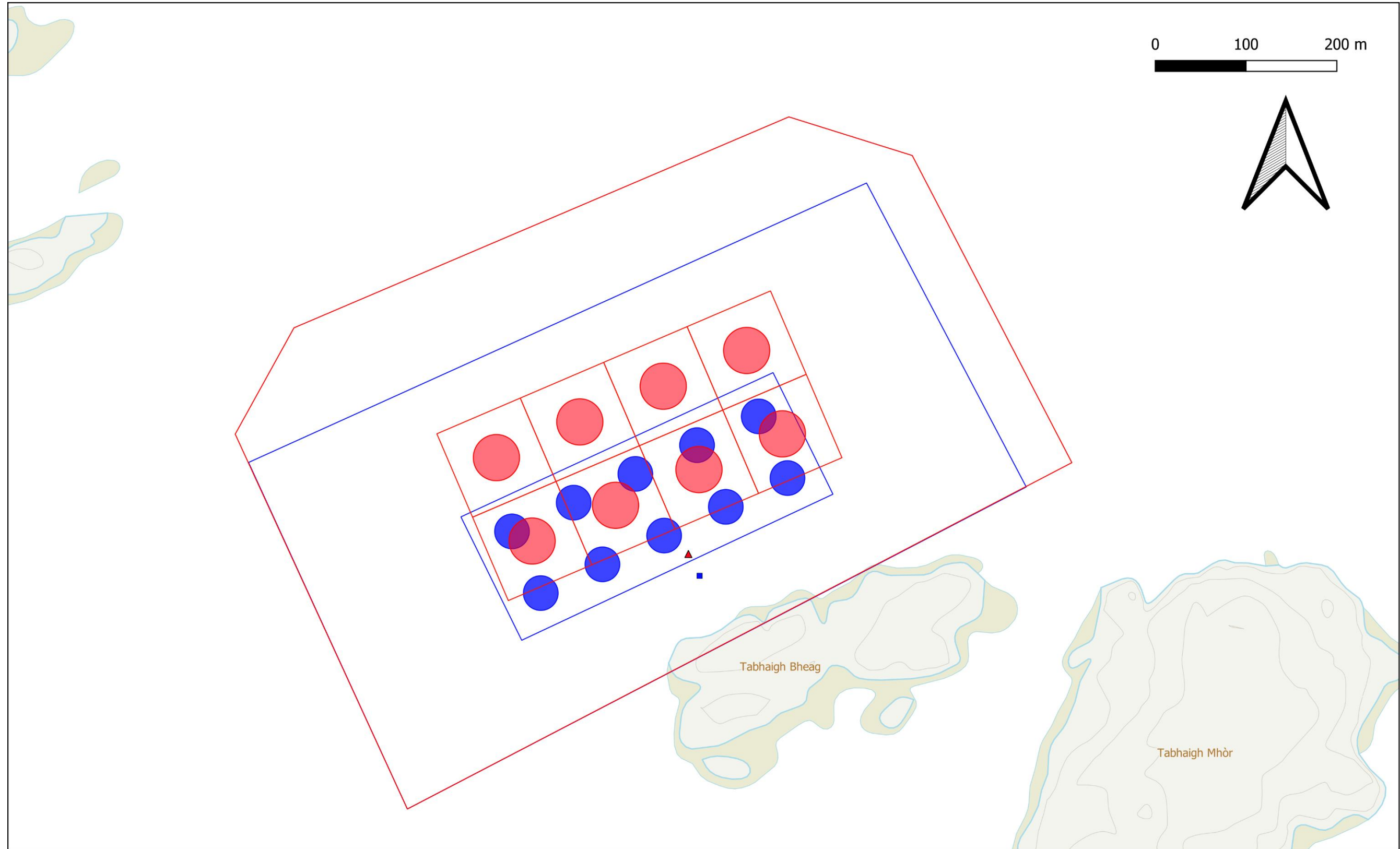
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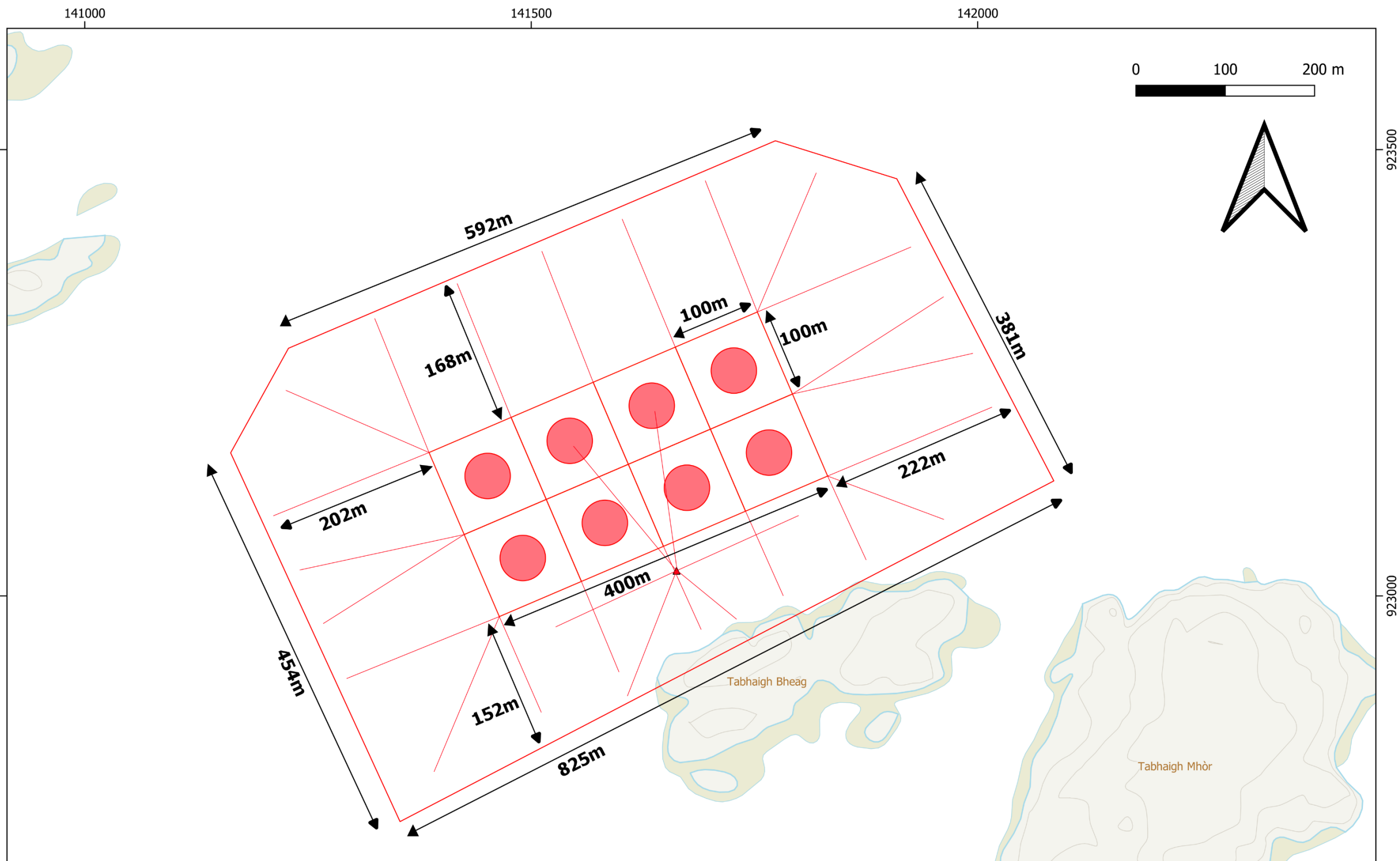
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Marine Aquaculture Site **Tabhaigh**

Annex 2. Predator Mitigation Plan

Mowi Scotland Limited
January 2024

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	POSTAL	Farms Office, Glen Nevis Business Park PH33 6RX Fort William	MAIL	environment@mowi.com
			WEB	http://mowi.com

Interaction with Predators – Site Mitigation Plan

Site: Tabhaigh Production Year: 2025-2026

1. Introduction

An abundance of wildlife naturally occurs in and around fish farms, and this wildlife can coexist alongside site operations. However, the stocking and feeding of farmed fish have the potential to attract predators. This document sets out the range of potential Interactions between fish farming operations and predator species and discusses the policies, legislative controls, and operational mitigation measures available.

Site specific detail on the mitigation to be applied at Tabhaigh is provided as Appendix 1 at the end of this document.

2. Objectives

- To protect wildlife, avoiding the risk of adverse interactions with the site while maintaining the full survivability and health and welfare for our fish.
- To reduce the cost of predation at the site, in financial, fish welfare, and secondary environmental terms.
- To document our approach, demonstrating best operational practice and compliance with regulatory requirements.

3. Common Predators

Predation on farmed fish is typically by marine birds, seal species and to a lesser extent mink and otters. Whilst wildlife may attempt to predate at the farm, it should be noted that the presence of birds and seals species near to the farm does not automatically guarantee this.

4. Potential Impacts

There are a range of commercial, welfare and environmental implications that can arise as a result of interactions between predators and farmed fish. Potential impacts associated with predatory activity at fish farms include:

- the entrapment or entanglement in nets of predators (marine birds, mammals) attracted to the fish farm to forage, leading to harm or fatality;
- breach or damage to stock nets, compromising net security and fish containment. This has potential impacts on wild fish populations via genetic introgression;
- seal presence around fish pens can generate a stress response in penned fish subsequently impacting feeding behaviors and,
- the predation of farmed fish and fish feed.

5. Mitigation Measures

To reduce potential for adverse predator interactions, a range of mitigation measures have been developed to remove or reduce the range of impacts associated with developing the site. These are proposed to remove, avoid, reduce and where possible offset any impacts which could either by themselves or in combination with others have a significant adverse effect.

Potential Interaction	Mitigation Action	Description
Marine birds	Top nets	<p>Surface Netting: netting is installed over stocked pens to mitigate against predation by wild animals, primarily diving birds. Nets should be well tensioned and of an appropriate mesh size to exclude birds from pens and prevent entanglement (see following section 6 for advice on mesh sizing).</p> <p>The netting support structure will generally follow two options.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Use of an inner pen central ring or 'hamster wheel' to suspend a net across the pen surface to the pen walkway. 2. Use of pole mounted top nets. The top net is suspended from poles attached to the perimeter of the pen walkway. The poles support a 'side net' above and around the cage circumference, plus a 'ceiling net' across the top of the pen. 3. On steel cages metal "gallows" posts or gantries allow the top net to be tensioned over the pen. <p>Irrespective of the bird net support option utilised the structures should be at a height to ensure the nets are kept at a safe distance from the water and the feed rotor. The nets should be well tensioned and of an appropriate mesh (see following section).</p> <p>There is a small risk that birds could occasionally get through the netting and become trapped. To mitigate against this, daily inspections for trapped birds will be carried out. Staff will be fully trained on this risk, and have all necessary equipment on site to affect the safe removal and release of any trapped birds. The site will keep systematic records of any bird entrapment or entanglement incidents using the approved recording template and provide these to the relevant authorities as and when requested. This will be in accordance with the company procedure for the Daily Monitoring & Reporting of Bird Entanglement and Entrapment</p>

		and Notification of Significant Events which includes voluntary returns twice a year to NatureScot.
Marine birds	Feed secured in barge silos	Barge silos which hold feed are securely isolated from the outside to prevent attraction to the site by predators. Feed is delivered directly to the site by feed vessel from the feed plant at Kyleakin.
Marine mammals	Mortality uplift system	Seals and otters can be attracted to fallen stock at the bottom of the pens. A cone structured basket collection system is installed at the bottom of the nets to enable the frequent retrieval of fish mortalities. A target collection frequency is in place to collect and dispose of mortalities daily. The net cone should include a seal blind.
Marine birds	Site cleanliness	To avoid predators or scavenger species being attracted to the site, it will always be kept clean and tidy with waste appropriately stored and disposed of in accordance with waste legislation requirements.
Marine Mammals	Improved net set up	<p>The principal method of preventing seals attacking farmed fish at the site is the continuous use of well-tensioned netting of an adequate strength. The proposed pens use weighted sinker tube technology, detailed to weight, and thereby tension the nets. Maintenance schedules include weekly checks on net tension and condition.</p> <p>A new net strategy introduced by Mowi in October 2020 committed to the phasing out of conventional nylon nets and investment in more robust net materials and design that is suited to the environmental characteristics of particular locations. The strategy has resulted in the following transitions for existing farms:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All 'conventional' farms should be 100% HDPE SealPro or equivalent • All 'high energy' farms should be 100% HDPE 'SealPro' or equivalent standard with Glider weighting system installed. • All 'environet' farms should utilise Nylon nets, with ongoing trial work currently in place to identify suitable stronger net materials to mitigate potential predation challenges. <p>HDPE nets are recognised for their durability and strength with abrasion characteristics, that can withstand the stress of mechanical net washing methods over a long lifetime with low maintenance requirements.</p>

		Dyneema nets are approximately only a third of the weight of the nylon equivalents, while remaining strong and durable. This unique strength to weight ratio ensures that nets last much longer than the alternatives, while remaining much easier and safer to handle.
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6. Regulatory Requirements

There are a range of regulatory requirements that must be considered and complied with prior to deployment and use of a range of predator mitigation options. These are detailed further in the following table.

Control Measure	Regulatory Authority and Legislation	Description
Seal Licensing	<p>Marine Directorate</p> <p>Marine (Scotland) Act 2010]</p> <p>[The Animals and Wildlife (Penalties, Protections and Powers) (Scotland) Act 2020</p>	<p>The Animals and Wildlife (Penalties, Protections and Powers) (Scotland) Act 2020 contained provisions to amend the Marine (Scotland) Act 2010 to remove two grounds for which Scottish Ministers can grant licenses authorising the taking or killing of seals. The grounds which have been removed are for: -</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The purpose of preventing serious damage to fisheries or fish farms, and 2. To protect the health and welfare of farmed fish. <p>The commencement date for the introduction of the amendments was the 1 February 2021. As a result, Marine Directorate no longer issue licences for these purposes.</p> <p>Summary: The dispatch of seals as a predator mitigation action is not permitted.</p>
The use of Acoustic Deterrent Devices (ADDs).	<p>Marine Directorate</p> <p>Conservation (Natural Habitats, &c.) Regulations 1994 (as amended)</p>	<p>All cetacean species (whales, dolphins and porpoise) are European Protected Species (EPS). If any activity is likely to cause disturbance or injury to a European Protected Species, a licence is required to undertake the activity legally.</p> <p>It is the responsibility of an operator of ADDs to determine whether there is a need to apply for an EPS licence. Marine Directorate advise that on the basis of current scientific advice, it is likely that an EPS licence will be required for all currently available ADDs unless it can demonstrate that the device(s) operating at</p>

		<p>our sites will not cause disturbance to cetaceans.</p> <p>A licence may be granted to undertake such activities if certain strict criteria are met:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • there is a licensable purpose. • there are no satisfactory alternatives; and • the actions authorised will not be detrimental to the maintenance of the population of the species concerned at favourable conservation status in their natural range. <p>Summary: There should be no use of ADDs on any site unless the proposed use has been subject to prior assessment on the risk of cetacean disturbance or injury. An EPS licence will be required if ADD use is likely to cause disturbance or injury.</p> <p>Contact the Mowi Environment Team for further advice.</p>
<p>Installation of Top Nets</p>	<p>Local Planning Authority</p> <p>Town and Country Planning (Scotland) Act 1997 (as amended)</p> <p>Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (Scotland) Order 1992 (as amended) [Class 21C]</p>	<p>Key regulatory considerations in determining applications for regulatory approval are landscape/visual impact and risk of bird entanglement. Size, colour and design of top nets are critical elements to consider in advance of any change.</p> <p>NatureScot are a key consultee in the regulatory process. Following recent reports of entanglement of gannets in pole mounted top net systems NatureScot have introduced new technical guidance for planning authorities to consider.</p> <p>NatureScot advise that where a fish farm is located in proximity to Special Protection Areas with gannet, cormorant, shag, gull or skua features, a top net mesh size of 200mm or greater, is likely to cause risk of entanglement. Increasingly, there are site specific requirements for smaller mesh sizes stipulated on planning decision notices which aim to reduce risk.</p> <p>Summary: The use of top nets requires prior approval from the Local Authority. The use of pole mounted top nets should align with</p>

		<p>Nature Scot technical design guidance on top and side panel mesh size. Colour should be neutral / grey.</p> <p>Contact the Mowi Environment Team for further advice.</p>
Installation of Predator Nets	<p>Local Planning Authority</p> <p>Town and Country Planning (Scotland) Act 1997 (as amended)</p> <p>Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (Scotland) Order 1992 (as amended) [Class 21]</p>	<p>Predator nets are a potential mitigation action to reduce the risk of seal interaction. However, they are not considered suitable for both operational and environmental reasons.</p> <p>Operational: potential to cause significant operational difficulties with the possibility of net weights becoming entangled in the predator netting, resulting in pen net bagging and subsequent entrapment of fish.</p> <p>Environmental: Use of predator nets introduces a high risk of entanglement of many different species of marine birds, including Shags, Gannets, Guillemots and divers.</p> <p>Approval to deploy predator nets is required from local authorities under their planning controls and NatureScot via their marine conservation duties. NatureScot have a strong presumption against the use of predator nets and as such licensing approval is considered unlikely.</p> <p>Summary: There is a strong presumption against deployment of predator nets on any site due to potential impacts on non-target species. Any deployment requires to be subject to prior site assessment and with prior approval by the Local Authority and NatureScot.</p> <p>Contact the Mowi Environment Team for further advice.</p>
Containment of and Prevention of Escape of Fish from Fish Farms in relation to Marine Mammal Interactions	<p>Marine Directorate</p> <p>The Fish Farming Code of Practice (Scotland) Order 2021</p>	<p>The Fish Farming Code of Practice (Scotland) Order 2021 (the "Order") came into force on 22 November 2021. The Order approved the "Aquaculture Code of Practice: Containment of and Prevention of Escape of Fish from Fish Farms in relation to Marine Mammal Interactions" (the "Code").</p>

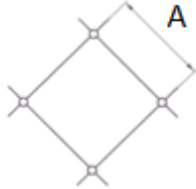
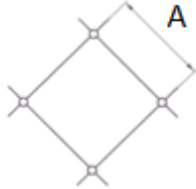
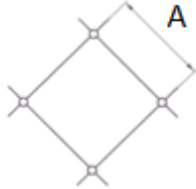
	<p>The Code applies to every Aquaculture Production Business ("APB") operating a fish farm in Scotland's marine environment.</p> <p>The Code sets out standards expected from APBs in order to provide for the containment of fish-on-fish farms and to prevent their escape.</p> <p>The Code provides a combination of guidance for APBs, together with mandatory standards with which APBs must comply.</p> <p>Mandatory standards in relation to containment measures regarding marine mammal interactions.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. If no containment measures are required in relation to marine mammal interactions this must be reported to Marine Directorate. 2. Where containment measures in relation to marine mammal interactions are necessary, you must deploy at least one of the following non-lethal measures to contain fish at your fish farm: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ The use of tensioned or false-bottomed nets, or alternatively the use of predator nets; ➤ The use of seal blinds to cover any dead fish baskets; ➤ Daily removal of any dead fish (subject to weather and the ability of farmers to access their facilities). 3. When using your equipment, you must do so only in accordance with the manufacturer's guidelines, where available, and any relevant consents. 4. When using your equipment, you must do so in such a manner as to reduce the likelihood of access to fish pens by marine mammals. 5. You must not take any deterrent action which is specifically targeted at a marine mammal calf or pup. 6. You must not feed or attempt to feed a marine mammal for any purpose, including
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		<p>for the purposes of deterrence (i.e., taste aversion).</p> <p>7. You must not attempt to actively deter a marine mammal which is demonstrating signs of aggression (including charging, lunging, or vocalising), except when necessary to deter a marine mammal from endangering personal safety.</p> <p>8. If you plan to deploy an ADD you must consult Marine Directorate and obtain any relevant consents or you must demonstrate to Marine Directorate that the planned use will not harm marine mammals.</p> <p>9. Prior to using any novel measure of non-lethal deterrence, you must consult with Marine Directorate to ensure the measure will not harm marine mammals.</p> <p>Mandatory standards in relation to all reporting under the Code.</p> <p>1. You must provide information to Marine Directorate that is clear and comprehensive concerning the matter being reported.</p> <p>2. You must not provide information that is deliberately or negligently misleading or false.</p> <p>3. You must check for any killing or injury of marine mammals in the form of bycatch on a daily basis as part of routine working practices.</p> <p>4. You must report any incident of killing or injury of marine mammals in the form of bycatch within 48 hours of becoming aware of the incident to Marine Directorate at email: marinemammalreporting@gov.scot telephone: 0300 244 4000 using the reporting form.</p> <p>5. You must report all use of containment measures to deter marine mammals on an annual basis to Marine Directorate at email: marinemammalreporting@gov.scot; post: Marine Directorate, Mailpoint 11, 1B</p>
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		<p>South, Victoria Quay, Edinburgh EH6 6QQ; telephone: 0300 244 4000 using the reporting form.</p> <p>6. If no containment measures are required then a nil return must be reported to Marine Directorate on an annual basis. (The requirement to report nil returns does not apply to freshwater fish farms).</p>
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Appendix 1: Site Specific Predator Mitigation Detail: Tabhaigh

Updated	January 2024 for the Planning Application Review Date – Start and end of the 2025-2026 production cycle
Next review date	
Monitoring, recording and adaptive management	<p>Daily monitoring and structured recording of wildlife interactions at sites has been introduced at all Mowi Scotland sites during 2022.</p> <p>Predatory activity will be monitored as part of daily checks. Fish mortalities attributed to predators will be recorded and reviewed daily. The Area Manager would be notified in the event of a significant seal presence and mortality data is reviewed by production managers at weekly meetings.</p> <p>Management measures would be adapted in accordance with recognised good practice within regulatory limits, in response to increased predator site pressure.</p>
Control Measure	Description
Feed secured in barge silos.	Feed will be delivered directly to the site by feed vessel from the Mowi feed plant at Kyleakin. Storage will be in sealed silos.
Mortality uplift system.	A mortality uplift system will operate in each of the pens allowing for the daily removal of dead fish, subject to weather.
Site cleanliness	Site will be kept clean and tidy under the responsibility of the Site Manager / Assistant Manager.
Nets and weighting system	<p>The netting for the proposed 160m pens will be comprised of 18mm knotted HDPE braid with HDPE fibre core (2.1mm twine diameter). Breaking strength 120kg.</p> <p>Reinforced netting panels will be provided at points of the net subject to risk of contact with pen structures and abrasion.</p> <p>The HDPE netting will be UV stabilised to protect from effects of long-term degradation from UV light.</p> <p>Reinforced HDPE panel netting will be provided on and around the base of the net cone to act as a seal blind and provide added predator deterrence.</p>

Installation of Top Nets	<p>Available (site specific design specifications detailed below)</p> <p>Authorised top netting specifications.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="528 309 1485 1025"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>Height (m)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Perimeter Pole Support</td> <td>maximum height of 7m above the surface of the water, 6m above the handrail.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Number of Poles per pen</td> <td>20</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Material</td> <td>HDPE</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Colour</td> <td>Grey / Neutral</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Mesh Size (mm)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Sidewall netting from the bottom of pole to 2m height</td> <td>25</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Ceiling net panel and remaining sidewall netting</td> <td>100</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Method of mesh measurement</td> <td> <p>The mesh size stated in this table is based on the "half mesh" marked as "A" below</p>  </td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Note: the use of top nets requires prior approval from the Local Authority. Any change to the use of pole mounted top nets will be influenced by Nature Scot technical design guidance on top and side panel mesh size.</p>		Height (m)	Perimeter Pole Support	maximum height of 7m above the surface of the water, 6m above the handrail.	Number of Poles per pen	20	Material	HDPE	Colour	Grey / Neutral		Mesh Size (mm)	Sidewall netting from the bottom of pole to 2m height	25	Ceiling net panel and remaining sidewall netting	100	Method of mesh measurement	<p>The mesh size stated in this table is based on the "half mesh" marked as "A" below</p> 
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Licensing	<p>Please contact the Mowi Environment Team for further advice regarding licensing and authorisations.</p>																		